

Palm Beach Palm & Cycad Society

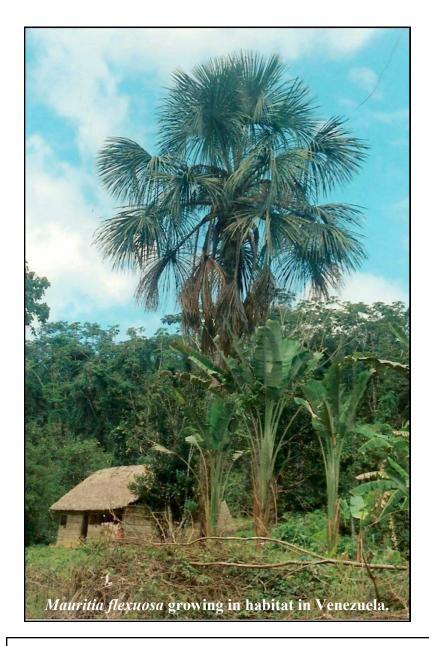
Affiliate of the International Palm Society

Monthly Update

May 2010

FEATURED THIS MONTH: Mauritia flexuosa





FRONT COVER: Mauritia flexuosa planted in Richard Moyroud's garden (Photo by Charlie Beck)

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FEATURED THIS MONTH: Mauritia flexuosa by Charlie Beck

Mauritia flexuosa is a very large palm with deeply segmented palmate leaves and rounded petioles. In habitat, this dioecious palm grows 15 foot wide leaves on

petioles 30 feet long. The stems can reach 80 feet tall. Its natural range is wet areas in Northern South America east of the Andes and also reaching into Trinidad. It usually grows in permanently swampy areas. This palm provides food and nesting sites for Macaws (See photo on back cover). Fish. turtles, tortoises, agoutis, peccares, deer, pacas, and iguanas also eat its fruit.

I recently attended a meeting of

the South Florida Palm Society and it was mentioned that *Mauritia* did not grow in South Florida. I knew the speaker was not aware of the fine specimens growing at Richard Moy-



roud's Mesozoic Landscapes Nursery in Palm Beach County. The nursery is located near Hypoluxo Road west of Rt. 441 – not consid-

> ered a warm location. I saw these palms planted at his nursery several years ago when I went out there to purchase some native plants. I heard reports that Rich-Mauritia ard's survived palms our record cold winter, so I called Richard to get a status report. He invited me to come out to the nursery to see for myself. He has specimens grow-

ing in the nursery and in a private 3 acre swamp garden located behind the nursery which is off limits to his customers. This was a rare opportunity to have Richard lead me on a

tour of his swamp garden.

The acquisition of Richard's *Mauritia* is an interesting story. In 1929, David Fairchild planted *Mauritia flexuosa* (grown from seed collected in Trinidad) within a sink hole at the old USDA property (Continued on page 5)

Mauritia flexuosa growing in

Richard's garden

⁽Continued from page 4)



Mauritia flexuosa and native Royal Palm growing in Richard's garden

located near Fairchild Tropical Botanical Garden. Mauritia is usually considered impossible to grow in the Miami area due to the alkaline soil, but when planted in a sink hole which traps copious amounts of organic matter, the PH is brought to an acceptable range due to the heavy build up of organic humus, and more water is available. These same palms produced seed 60 years later. Richard obtained Mauritia seed from these plants around 1990. In 1992, Hurricane Andrew wiped out the 63 year old Mauritia palms at the USDA property. Richard sprouted the seeds and planted his first Mauritias in 1990. Fortunately, this was after the record cold temperatures of

the 1989 freeze. Since the original planting, Richard has brought back seed from his travels to Peru and Guiana and has planted 60 to 70 Mauritia palms on his property. He lost some specimens due to Hurricane Wilma but many other palms flourished. Not every Mauritia Richard planted survived and some grew more rapidly than others. It is amazing after our record cold winter that some of his Mauritia seem unfazed.

Richard informed me that many tropical plants deemed too cold sensitive to grow in Palm Beach County can be successfully grown. The important consideration is to try to duplicate growing conditions of the palm's native range and



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don't just plant one plant and be discouraged if it does not thrive. It's best to plant several plants because there is a wide genetic diversity which may surprise you with favorable growth.

Richard's swamp palm collection had many other interesting palms. He had some Euterpe oleracea which survived the winter even though most were severely damaged. Euterpe edulis were undamaged. A robust Colpothrinax wrightii was in its full glory. Manicaria and Verschaffeltia were killed by the winter temperatures. In 1985, Richard obtained a permit to collect seeds of the true Florida native Royal Palm from the Fakahatchee Strand. He has grown these Roystonea to perfection on raised areas in his swamp garden. I was



Leaf detail of Jubaea X Butia hybrid growing at Mesozoic Landscapes Nursery



Jubaea X Butia hybrid growing at Mesozoic Landscapes Nursery

amazed to see Richard growing Iriartea and Socratea. They survived the winter with additional cold protection. Calyptronoma rivalis looked fine. Richard had an interesting Jubaea X Butia hybrid growing outside the swamp. It had the typical Jubaea leaf tip which folded back on itself (See photo on left). Licuala grandis and Licuala ramsayi grew side by side in the swamp (See photos on pages 10 and 11). The L. grandis was the most robust specimen I have ever seen.

I have ordered many Mauritia palms from a Hawaiian nursery. They all declined rapidly even (Continued on page 9)

Please share your garden experiences. Submit your stories and photos to beck4212@aol.com

This Month's "Thank You"

General Membership Meeting Refreshments

Steve Aberbach

Merle Guliano Juan Illa Lauren & Patrick Morris

Elise Moloney

Ruth Sallenbach

Plant Donations

Marshall Dewey

Elise Moloney (Pot and label donation)

Dale Holton

Special Thanks

to **Dennis McKee** for arriving at 5:00 p.m. to keep the Mounts building open for us.

Winner of the January 6th Name Drawing Prize

was Patt Lindsey

who was present. She received a copy of

Betrock's Cold Hardy Palms by Alan W. Meerow.

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UPCOMING MEETINGS

GENERAL MEETING

Date:	Wednesday, May 5, 2010
Time	7:30 p.m.
Location	Mounts Botanical Garden
Subject:	Potting Demonstration

EXECUTIVE BOARD MEETING

Date:	Wednesday, May 26, 2010
Time:	7:00 p.m.
Location:	Ruth Sallenbach's Home
	6285 S. Military Trail, Lake Worth
	(561) 965-5430





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Stilt roots of a Socratea exorrhzia growing at Mesozoic Landscapes Nursery

though planted in a swampy location. Last summer, I planted another 3 gallon Mauritia obtained from Mike Harris' Caribbean Palm Nursery. I planted it in a drainage ditch which can hold water 1 to 3 feet deep for weeks at a time. The palm was planted in an area not easily accessible so I did not check on it as our winter progressed. I was sure it would succumb to the cold. Finally, in April I checked this Mauritia and was surprised to find it unfazed by the cold. This palm must have been grown from an unusually cold hardy batch of seeds because Mike Harris informed me that he too planted specimens in the ground at his Loxahatchee nursery and they also survived the winter. I quickly purchased another Mauritia from Mike because he still had potted plants from the same seed batch.

I encourage Palm Society members with wet areas in their garden to try a Mauritia flexuosa. It is well worth the try. For smaller gardens with wet areas, there is a similar genus Mauritiella which also has rounded petioles and a similar deeply divided leaf. This palm is a clumper, is more cold hardy, and has an interesting trunk with thorns (See photos on page 11). I have included some photos of Mauritia flexuosa and Mauritiella taken during our trip to Venezuela.

Note: Richard Moyroud has vast and impressive experience. In 1981, he was a founding member of the Native Plant Society and served as its president in the mid 1980s. He was the original horticulturist/botanist at Gemini Gardens from 1985 until 1994. In 1986, he was a founding



Socratea exorrhzia growing at Mesozoic Landscapes Nursery

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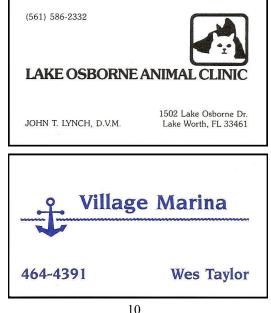
member of the Association of Florida Native Nurseries. He was an active member of the team that worked on two Palm Beach County Land Conservation Bond Referendums passed in 1991 and 2000. He is also an appointee to the State Endangered Plant Advisory Council and the county Natural Areas Management Advisory Committee. He has grown palms for more than 30 years and is a highly respected native plant expert who specializes

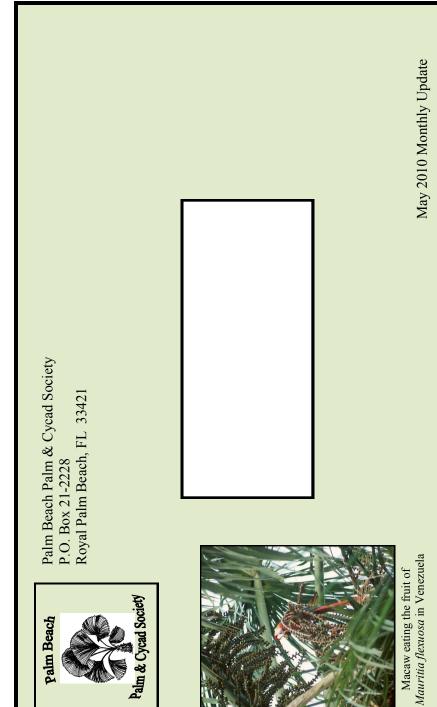


Licuala ramsayi in Richard's swamp

in native plant restoration. His Mesozoic Landscapes Nursery is well stocked with a wide variety of native plants as well as some palms. Richard is well traveled throughout the new world tropics and has collected many seed from habitat.

All photographs for this article were provided by Charlie Beck.









Mauritiella sp. growing in Venezuela Thorny trunk of *Mauritiella sp.*

Richard Moyroud lending scale to a *Licuala grandis* planted in the swamp



Colpothrinax wrightii in Richard's nursery